Summer Reading

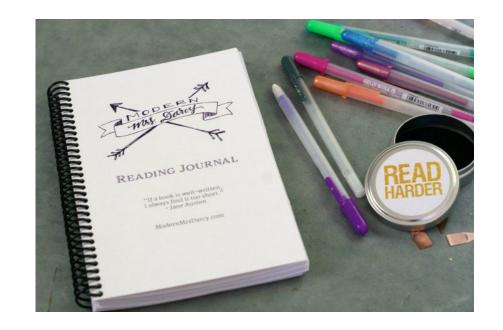
— How to Create a Summer Reading —— Journal

Get a notebook.



Either buy one, or create a notebook yourself. It can be as big or as small as you'd like. You probably don't need hundreds of pages in your notebook unless you read thousands of books every summer.

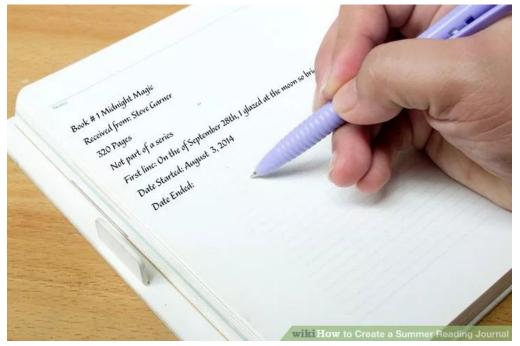
Decorate the cover of your notebook.



On the cover, write Summer Reading Journal, then put the year of the summer. You wouldn't want to get all of your notebooks misplaced and unorganized! If you want, add something extra by doodling on it, or putting on glitter glue, stickers, etc.

Now you can

begin the journaling.



On the header of the first page, write the title and author of your current read. Then, write down some information about it. Follow this format, or modify it to your needs or wants.

You can add the information like:

- Received from: the place you bought the novel, or if you got it from a friend, library, or won it in a contest.
- Number of pages
- Whether or not it's part of a series
- The first line of the book: for personalization
- The date you started the book
- The date you ended it
- Synopsis from the back cover of your book (a short summary of the plot)

Read your novel.



If you'd like, you can set a goal for yourself, but it's probably better to read at your own pace. After all, this is summer, so it's time to relax and enjoy the book.

Make a list of vocabulary while reading.



Choose and write down only those words and expressions that you find useful or catchy, or the ones that prevent you from understanding the meaning.

YEAR 11 (2016-2017)

Remember that a

novel/story should NOT

be shorter than 30 pages!

 It is advisable to choose contemporary authors.



YEAR 12 (2016-2017)

Remember that a

novel/story should NOT

be shorter than <u>50</u> pages!

It is advisable to choose

contemporary authors.

